OKI Semiconductor

This version: Jan. 1998
Previous version: Nov. 1996

MSM66507/66P507

OLMS-66K Series 16-Bit Microcontroller

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

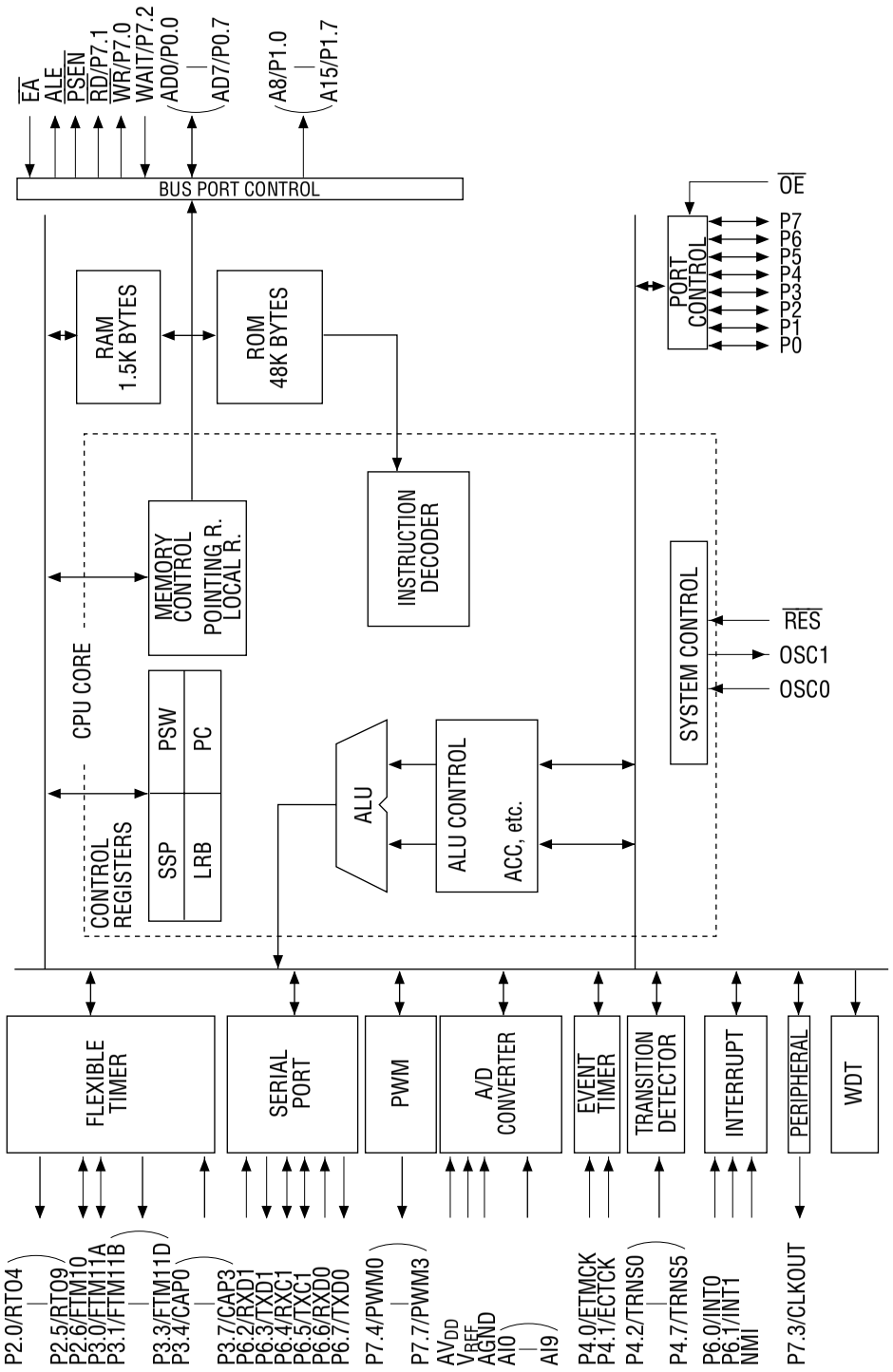
The MSM66507/66P507 is a high-performance 16-bit microcontroller that employs OKI original nX-8/500 CPU core.
The MSM66507/66P507 includes a 16-bit CPU, ROM, RAM, a 10-bit A/D converter, serial ports, flexible timers, a pulse-width modulator (PWM), and I/O ports.

FEATURES

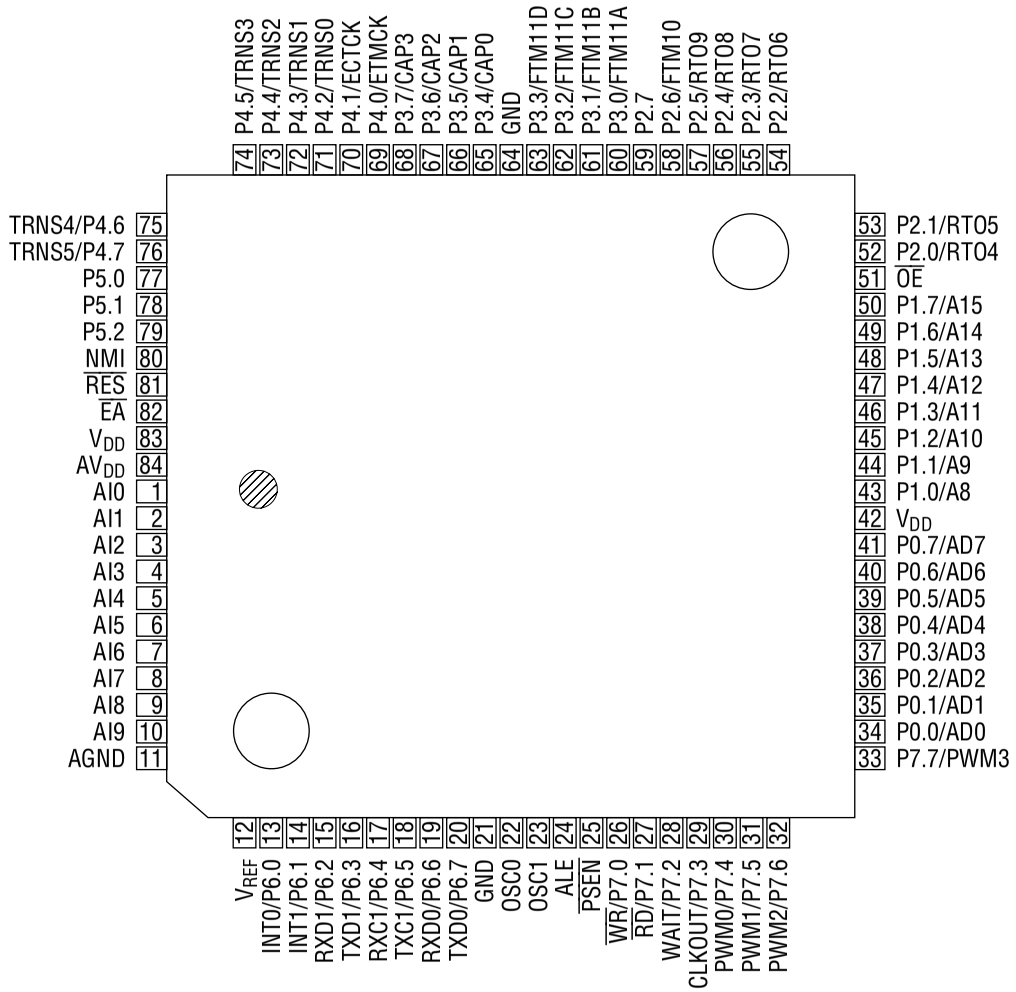
- Program memory space : 64K bytes
  Internal ROM : 48K bytes
- Data memory space : 64K bytes
  Internal RAM : 1.5K bytes
- High-speed execution
  Minimum instruction execution time : 167ns (@24MHz)
- Powerful instruction set : Instruction set superior in orthogonal matrix
  8/16-bit data transfer instructions
  8/16-bit arithmetic instructions
  Multiplication and division operation instructions
  Bit manipulation instructions
  Bit logic operation instructions
  ROM table reference instructions
- Abundant addressing modes : Register addressing
  Page addressing
  Pointing register indirect addressing
  Stack addressing
  Immediate value addressing
- I/O port
  Analog input port : 1 port × 10 bits
  Input-output port : 7 ports × 8 bits, 1 port × 3 bits
  (Each bit can be assigned to input or output.)
- Flexible timers
  Free run counters : 19-bit × 1, 16-bit × 1
  19-bit CAP with a divider : 4
  16-bit double buffer RTO : 4
  16-bit RTO/PWM : 2
  16-bit CAP/RTO : 2
- 8-bit general timer : 1
  8-bit event counter : 1
- 16-bit PWM : 4
  Input clock divider : 2
- Serial ports
  UART mode with BRG : 1
  Synchronous/UART switchable mode with BRG : 1
- 10-bit A/D converter : 10 channels

- Transition detector : 6
- Watchdog timer : 1
- Interrupts
  Nonmaskable : 1
  Maskable : Internal 28/external 2
  (4-level priority can be set)
- ROM window function
- Standby modes
  HALT mode
  STOP mode
- Package
  84-pin plastic QFJ (PLCC) (QFJ84-P-S115-1.27-B) (Product name: MSM66507-×××JS-B)
  (Product name: MSM66P507-×××JS-B)
  ××× indicates the code number.

BLOCK DIAGRAM



PIN CONFIGURATION (TOP VIEW)



84-Pin Plastic QFJ (PLCC)

PIN DESCRIPTION

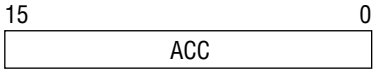
Symbol	Type	Description
P0.0-P0.7/ AD0-AD7	I/O	P0: 8-bit Input-output port. Each bit can be assigned to input or output. AD: When an external memory is used, these pins output the lower 8 bits of the address. These pins also input or output the data.
P1.0-P1.7/ A8-A15	I/O	P1: 8-bit Input-output port. Each bit can be assigned to input or output. A: When an external memory is used, these pins output the upper 8 bits of the address.
P2.0-P2.5/ RTO4-RTO9 P2.6/FTM10 P2.7	I/O	P2: 8-bit Input-output port. Each bit can be assigned to input or output. RTO: Output pin for real time output FTM10: Capture input pin or real time output pin
P3.0-P3.3/ FTM11A-FTM11D P3.4-P3.7/ CAP0-CAP3	I/O	P3: 8-bit Input-output port. Each bit can be assigned to input or output. FTM11A: Capture input pin or real time output pin FTM11B-D: 4-port real time output pin CAP : Capture input pin
P4.0/ETMCK P4.1/ECTCK P4.2-P4.7/ TRNS0-TRNS5	I/O	P4: 8-bit Input-output port. Each bit can be assigned to input or output. ETMCK: External clock input pin of 8-bit general timer ECTCK: External clock input pin of 8-bit event counter TRNS: Transition detector input pin
P5.0-P5.2	I/O	P5: 3-bit Input-output port. Each bit can be assigned to input or output.
P6.0/INT0 P6.1/INT1 P6.2/RXD1 P6.3/TXD1 P6.4/RXC1 P6.5/TXC1 P6.6/RXD0 P6.7/TXD0	I/O	P6: 8-bit Input-output port. Each bit can be assigned to input or output. INT0, 1: External interrupt request input pin RXD1 : SCI1 Receiver data input pin TXD1 : SCI1 Transmitter data output pin RXC1 : SCI1 Receiver circuit clock pin TXC1 : SCI1 Transmitter circuit clock pin RXD0 : SCI0 Receiver data input pin TXD0 : SCI0 Transmitter data output pin
P7.0/$\overline{WR}$ P7.1/$\overline{RD}$ P7.2/WAIT P7.3/CLKOUT P7.4-P7.7/ PWM0-PWM3	I/O	P7: 8-bit Input-output port. Each bit can be assigned to input or output. $\overline{WR}$: Write strobe output pin for external data memory $\overline{RD}$: Road strobe output pin for external data memory WAIT: CPU wait request input pin when accessing external data memory CLKOUT: Output pin for supplying a clock to peripheral circuits PWM: PWM output pin
AI0-AI9	I	Analog signal input only pin for A/D converter
AV_{DD}	I	Power supply input pin for A/D converter
V_{REF}	I	Reference voltage input pin for A/D converter
AGND	I	GND input pin for A/D converter
OSC0	I	Basic clock oscillation pin
OSC1	O	Basic clock oscillation pin

PIN DESCRIPTION (Continued)

Symbol	Type	Description
ALE	O	Timing pulse output pin to latch the lower 8 bits of the address output from port 0 when the CPU accesses the external memory
$\overline{PSEN}$	O	Strobe pulse output pin to fetch to external program memory
$\overline{OE}$	I	Normally, when P0, P1, and P7.4-P7.7 are in an output state and the $\overline{OE}$ pin is "H" level, the ports go to a high impedance state. When $\overline{OE}$ pin is "L" level, the ports output "H" or "L" level. However, when P0, P1, and P7.4-P7.7 are in an input state, these ports are not under the influence of $\overline{OE}$ pin.
NMI	I	Nonmaskable interrupt request input pin
$\overline{RES}$	I	RESET input pin Low-active reset input pin
$\overline{EA}$	I	Normally set to "H" level. If set to "L" level, the program memory goes to external access mode and accesses external program memory.
V_{DD}	I	Power supply pin
GND	I	Ground pin

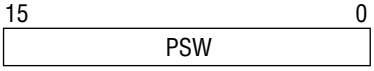
REGISTERS

Accumulator



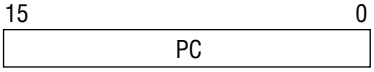
Control Register (CR)

Program Status Word



Bit 15 : Carry flag (CY)
Bit 14 : Zero flag (ZF)
Bit 13 : Half carry flag (HC)
Bit 12 : Data descriptor (DD)
Bit 11 : Sign flag (S)
Bit 10 : Master interrupt priority flag (MIP)
Bit 9 : Overflow flag (OV)
Bit 8 : Master interrupt enable flag (MIE)
Bit 7-3 : User flag
Bit 2-0 : System control base 2-0 (SCB2-0)

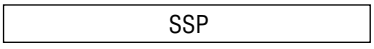
Program Counter



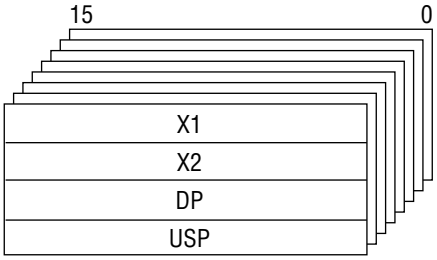
Local Register Base



System Stack Pointer

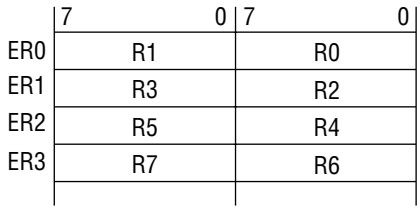


Pointing Register (PR)



Index Register 1
Index Register 2
Data pointer
User Stack Pointer

Local Register



SFR

Address [H]	Name	Symbol	R/W	8/16-bit Operation	Reset
0000	System stack pointer	SSP	R/W	8/16	FF
0001					FF
0002	Local register base	LRBL			Undefined
0003		LRBH			
0004	Program status word	PSWL			00
0005		PSWH			00
0006	Accumlator	ACCL			00
0007		ACCH			00
0010	ROM window register	ROMWIN		8	00
0011☆	RAM ready control register	RAMRDY			FF
0012☆	ROM ready control register	ROMRDY			FF
0014	Stop code acceptor	STPACP	W		"0"
0015☆	Standby control register	SBYCON	R/W		C8
0018☆	Peripheral control register	PRPHF			*
001C	Watchdog timer	WDT	W		Halt
001D☆	TBC Clock dividing counter	TBCKDVC	R		F0
001E☆	TBC Clock dividing register	TBCKDVR	R/W		F0
0020	Port 0 data register	P0		8/16	00
0021	Port 1 data register	P1			00
0022	Port 2 data register	P2			00
0023	Port 3 data register	P3			00
0024	Port 4 data register	P4			00
0025☆	Port 5 data register	P5			F8
0026	Port 6 data register	P6			00
0027	Port 7 data register	P7			00
0028	Port 0 mode register	P0IO			00
0029	Port 1 mode register	P1IO			00
002A	Port 2 mode register	P2IO			00
002B	Port 3 mode register	P3IO			00
002C	Port 4 mode register	P4IO			00
002D☆	Port 5 mode register	P5IO			F8
002E	Port 6 mode register	P6IO			00
002F	Port 7 mode register	P7IO			00

Note: A ☆ mark in the address column shows that there is a bit that does not exist in its register.

* The initial values of PRPHF (SFR=18H) are as follows :
When $\overline{\text{RES}}$ pin is reset : VBFF (bit 6) is set to "1" and CKOUT1 and 0 are set to "0".
When reset by the WDT or BRK instruction or by operation code trap : VBFF (bit 6) keeps the value just before reset and CKOUT 1 and 0 are set to "0". In any cases, the state of the $\overline{\text{OE}}$ pin is read for OERD (bit 7).

SFR (Continued)

Address [H]	Name	Symbol	R/W	8/16-bit Operation	Reset
0031	Port 1 secondary function control register	P1SF	R/W	8	00
0032☆	Port 2 secondary function control register	P2SF		8/16	80
0033	Port 3 secondary function control register	P3SF			00
0034	Port 4 secondary function control register	P4SF		8	00
0036	Port 6 secondary function control register	P6SF		8/16	00
0037	Port 7 secondary function control register	P7SF			00
0038	TRNS control register 0	TRNSCON0			00
0039☆	TRNS control register 1	TRNSCON1			F0
003A☆	Transition detector	TRNSIT		8	C0
0040	Interrupt request register 0	IRQ0L		8/16	00
0041		IRQ0H			00
0042	Interrupt request register 1	IRQ1L		8	00
0044	Interrupt enable register 0	IE0L		8/16	00
0045		IE0H			00
0046	Interrupt enable register 1	IE1L		8	00
0048	Interrupt request flag disable register 0	IRQD0L		8/16	00
0049		IRQD0H			00
004A	Interrupt request flag disable register 1	IRQD1L		8	00
004E☆	NMI control register	NMICON		8/16	FC or 7C
004F☆	External interrupt control register	EXICON			F0
0050	Interrupt priority control register 00	IP00L			00
0051		IP00H			00
0052	Interrupt priority control register 01	IP01L			00
0053		IP01H			00
0054	Interrupt priority control register 10	IP10L		8	00
0056	Interrupt priority control register 11	IP11L			00

Note: A ☆ mark in the address column shows that there is a bit that does not exist in its register.

SFR (Continued)

Address [H]	Name	Symbol	R/W	8/16-bit Operation	Reset
0060	SCI0 timer counter	S0TM	R/W	8/16	00
0061	SCI0 timer register	S0TMR			00
0062☆	SCI0 timer control register	S0CON		8	02
0063☆	SCI0 transmission control register	ST0CON			82
0064☆	SCI0 reception control register	SR0CON			12
0065	SCI0 transmission and reception buffer register	S0BUF			Undefined
0066	SCI0 status register	S0STAT			00
0068	SCI1 timer counter	S1TM		8/16	00
0069	SCI1 timer register	S1TMR			00
006A☆	SCI1 timer control register	S1CON		8	02
006B☆	SCI1 transmission control register	ST1CON			80
006C	SCI1 reception control register	SR1CON			00
006D	SCI1 transmission and reception buffer register	S1BUF			Undefined
006E	SCI1 status register	S1STAT			00
0070☆	8-bit general timer control register	GTMCON			30
0071	8-bit event counter	GEVC			00
0072	8-bit general timer counter	GTMC		8/16	00
0073	8-bit general timer register	GTMR			00
0080	PWR0 buffer register	PW0BF			00
0081					00
0082	PWR1 buffer register	PW1BF			00
0083					00
0084	PWR2 buffer register	PW2BF			00
0085					00
0086	PWR3 buffer register	PW3BF			00
0087					00

Note: A ☆ mark in the address column shows that there is a bit that does not exist in its register.

SFR (Continued)

Address [H]	Name	Symbol	R/W	8/16-bit Operation	Reset
0098	PWM interrupt control register	PWINTCON	R/W	8	00
009A	PWM control register 0	PWCON0		8/16	00
009B	PWM control register 1	PWCON1			00
009C	PWM clock counter	PWDVC			00
009D	PWM clock register	PWDVR			00
009E☆	PWM RUN Register	PWRUN			30
009F☆	PWM active register	PWACT			F0
00A0	Timer register 0	TMR0		16	0000
00A1					
00A2	Timer register 1	TMR1			0000
00A3					
00A4	Timer register 2	TMR2			0000
00A5					
00A6	Timer register 3	TMR3			0000
00A7					
00A8	Timer register 4	TMR4			0000
00A9					
00AA	Timer register 5	TMR5			0000
00AB					
00AC	Timer register 6	TMR6			0000
00AD					
00AE	Timer register 7	TMR7			0000
00AF					
00B0	Timer register 8	TMR8			0000
00B1					
00B2	Timer register 9	TMR9			0000
00B3					
00B4	Timer register 10	TMR10			0000
00B5					
00B6	Timer register 11	TMR11			0000
00B7					
00B8☆	TMR0 lower 3-bit	TMR0L		8	1F
00B9☆	TMR1 lower 3-bit	TMR1L			1F
00BA☆	TMR2 lower 3-bit	TMR2L			1F
00BB☆	TMR3 lower 3-bit	TMR3L			1F
00BC	TM setting register	TMSELL		8/16	00
00BD☆		TMSELH			F0

Note: A ☆ mark in the address column shows that there is a bit that does not exist in its register.

SFR (Continued)

Address [H]	Name	Symbol	R/W	8/16-bit Operation	Reset
00C0	TMR4 buffer register	TMR4BF	R/W	8/16	00
00C1					00
00C2	TMR5 buffer register	TMR5BF			00
00C3					00
00C4	TMR6 buffer register	TMR6BF			00
00C5					00
00C6	TMR7 buffer register	TMR7BF			00
00C7					00
00C8	Timer control register	TMCON		8	00
00C9☆	Timer counter 0 lower 3-bit	TM0L			1F
00CA	Timer counter 0	TM0		8/16	00
00CB					00
00CC	Timer counter 1	TM1			00
00CD					00
00CE	Capture control register 0	CAPCON0			00
00CF☆	Capture control register 1	CAPCON1			F0
00D0☆	Event control register	EVNTCONL			88
00D1☆		EVNTCONH			88
00D2	TMR mode register	TMRMODE		8	00
00D8☆	Event dividing counter 0	EVDV0		8/16	C0
00D9☆	Event dividing counter 1	EVDV1			C0
00DA☆	Event dividing counter 2	EVDV2			C0
00DB☆	Event dividing counter 3	EVDV3			C0
00DC☆	EVDV0 buffer register	EVDV0BF			C0
00DD☆	EVDV1 buffer register	EVDV1BF			C0
00DE☆	EVDV2 buffer register	EVDV2BF			C0
00DF☆	EVDV3 buffer register	EVDV3BF			C0
00E0	A/DC result register 0	ADCR0	R	*8/16	Undefined
00E1	A/DC result register 1	ADCR1			
00E2	A/DC result register 2	ADCR2			
00E3	A/DC result register 3	ADCR3			
00E4	A/DC result register 4	ADCR4			
00E5	A/DC result register 5	ADCR5			
00E6	A/DC result register 6	ADCR6			
00E7	A/DC result register 7	ADCR7			
00E8	A/DC result register 8	ADCR8			
00E9	A/DC result register 9	ADCR9			
00EA	A/DC result register lower 0	LADCR0		8	
00EB	A/DC result register lower 1	LADCR1			
00EC☆	A/DC result register lower 2	LADCR2			
00ED☆	A/D interrupt control register	ADINTCON	R/W		F0
00EE☆	A/DC control register L	ADCONL			80
00EF☆	A/DC control register H	ADCONH			80

Note: A ☆ mark in the address column shows that there is a bit that does not exist in its register.

* 8/16 means a special word manipulation. (For details, refer to the User's Manual.)

SFR (Continued)

Address [H]	Name	Symbol	R/W	8/16-bit Operation	Reset
00F0☆	RTO control register 0	RTOCON0	R/W	8/16	F8
00F1☆	RTO control register 1	RTOCON1			F8
00F2☆	RTO control register 2	RTOCON2			F8
00F3☆	RTO control register 3	RTOCON3			F8
00F4☆	RTO control register 4	RTOCON4			FC
00F5☆	RTO control register 5	RTOCON5			FC
00F6☆	RTO control register 6	RTOCON6			F8
00F7☆	RTO control register 7	RTOCON7			F8
00F8	RTO control register 8	RTOCON8		8	00
00FE	Emulator using area*				
00FF					

Note: A ☆ mark in the address column shows that there is a bit that does not exist in its register.

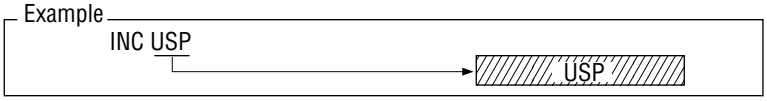
* For the emulation using area, if the write is manipulated, the write data becomes invalid, and if the read is manipulated, the read data becomes undefined.

ADDRESSING MODES

The MSM66507/66P507 provides independent 64K-byte data and 64K-byte program spaces with various types of addressing modes. These modes are shown below, for both RAM (for data space) and ROM (for program space).

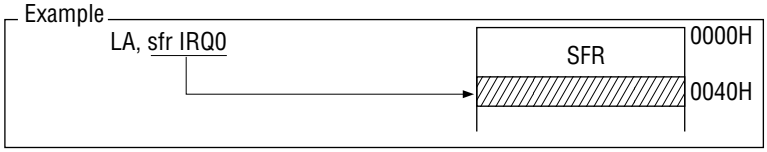
1. RAM Addressing Mode (for data space)

1.1 Register Addressing

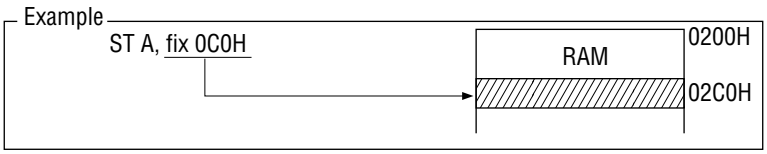


1.2 Page Addressing

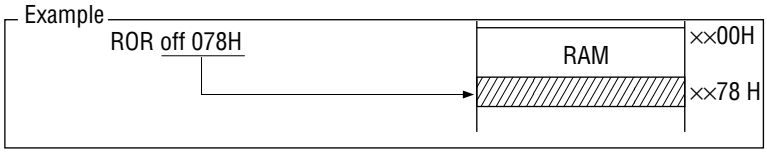
a) sfr page



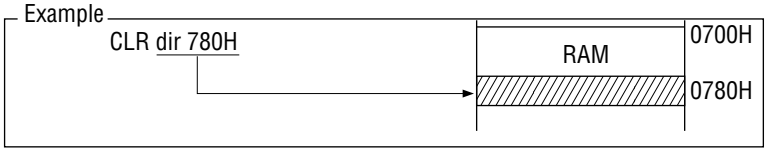
b) Fixed page



c) Current page

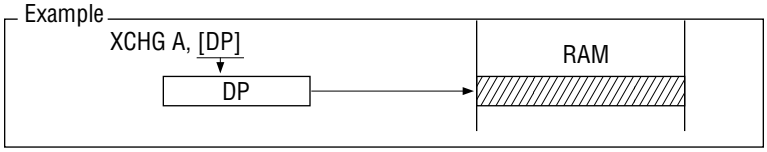


1.3 Direct Data Addressing

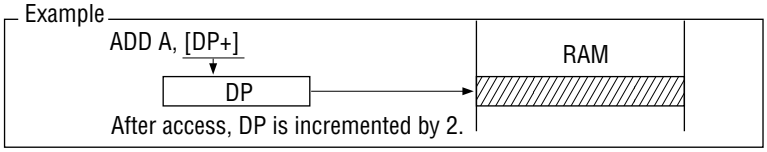


1.4 Pointing Register Indirect Addressing

a) DP/X1 indirect



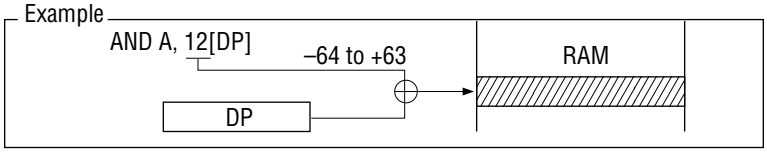
b) Post increment DP indirect



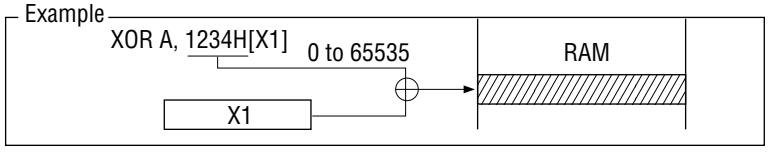
c) Post decrement DP indirect



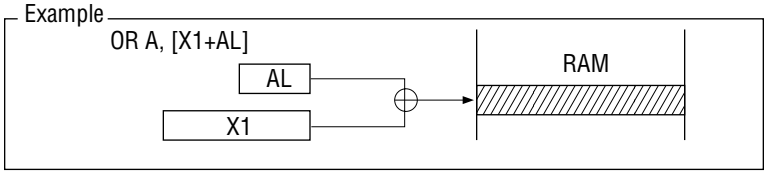
d) DP/USP indirect with 7-bit displacement



e) X1/X2 indirect with 16-bit base

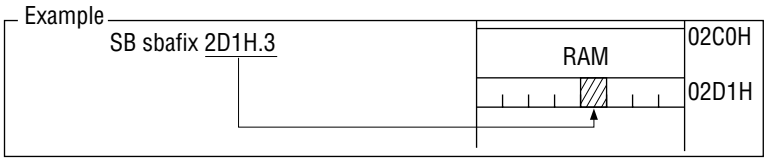


f) X1 indirect with 8-bit register (AL, R0) displacement

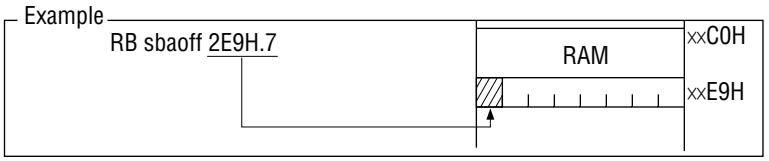


1.5 Special Bit Area Addressing

a) Fixed page SBA area (02C0H to 02FFH)

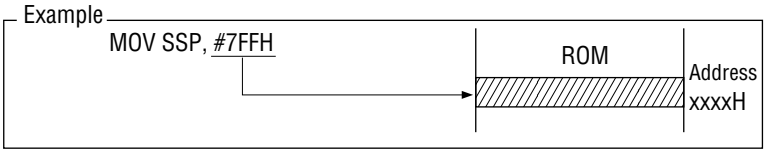


b) Current page SBA area (××C0H to ××FFH)



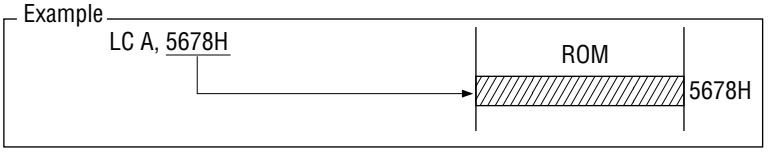
2. ROM Addressing Mode (for program space)

2.1 Immediate Addressing

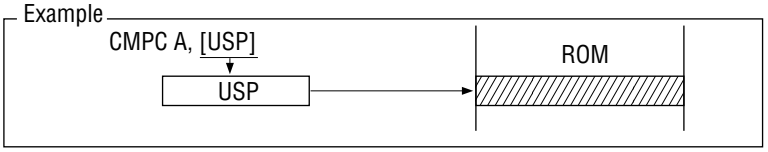


2.2 Table Data Addressing

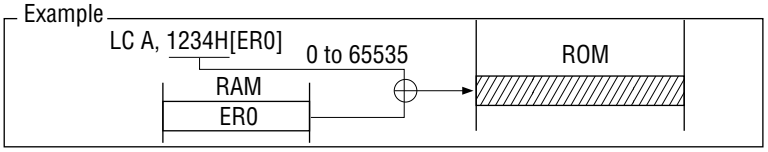
a) Direct



b) RAM addressing indirect

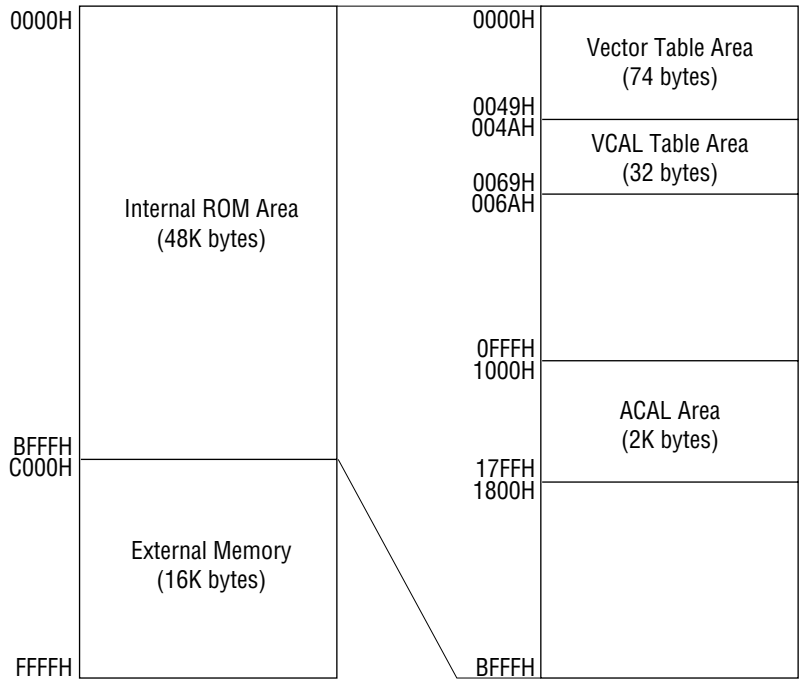


c) RAM addressing indirect with 16-bit base

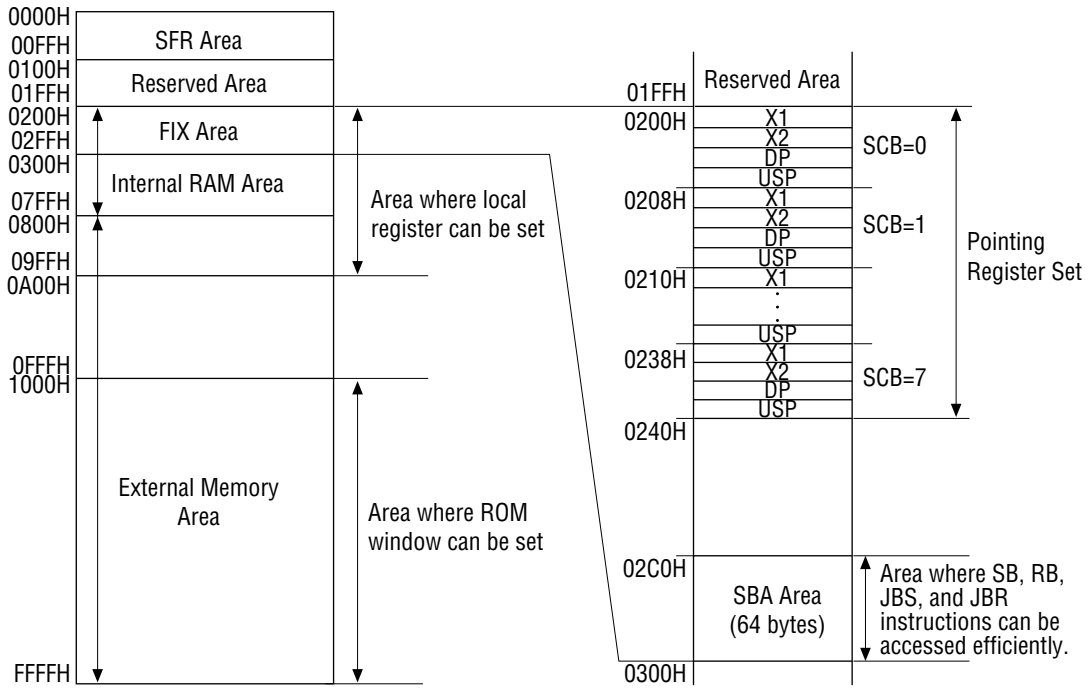


MEMORY MAPS

Program Memory Space



Data Memory Space



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition		Rating	Unit
Digital Power Supply Voltage	V_{DD}	GND=AGND=0V		–0.3 to +7.0	V
Input Voltage	V_I			–0.3 to V_{DD}+0.3	
Output Voltage	V_O			–0.3 to V_{DD}+0.3	
Analog Power Supply Voltage	AV_{DD}			–0.3 to V_{DD}+0.3	
Analog Reference Voltage	V_{REF}			–0.3 to AV_{DD}+0.3	
Analog Input Voltage	V_{AI}			–0.3 to V_{REF}	
Power Dissipation	P_D	Ta=85°C	Per package	1300	mW
			Per output	50	
Storage Temperature	T_{STG}	—		–50 to +150	°C

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Parameter	Symbol	Condition		Range	Unit
Digital Power Supply Voltage	V_{DD}	f_{OSC}≤24MHz		4.5 to 5.5	V
Analog Power Supply Voltage	AV_{DD}	V_{DD}=AV_{DD}		4.5 to 5.5	
Analog Reference Voltage	V_{REF}	—		AV_{DD}–0.3 to AV_{DD}	
Analog Input Voltage	V_{AI}	—		AGND to V_{REF}	
Memory Hold Voltage	V_{DDH}	f_{OSC}=0Hz		2.0 to 5.5	
Operating Frequency	f_{OSC}	V_{DD}=5V±10%	Ta=–40 to +85°C	0 to 28	MHz
			Ta=–20 to +70°C	0 to 32	
Ambient Temperature	Ta	f_{OSC}≤24MHz		–40 to +85	°C
Fan Out	N	MOS load		20	—
		TTL load	P0	2	—
			P1 to P7	1	—

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

DC Characteristics

(V_{DD}=5V±10%, Ta=–40 to +85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ	Max.	Unit
H Level Input Voltage *1	V_{IH}	–	2.2	–	V_{DD}+0.3	V
H Level Input Voltage *2, 5, 6			0.80V_{DD}	–	V_{DD}+0.3	
H Level Input Voltage *7			0.85V_{DD}	–	V_{DD}+0.3	
L Level Input Voltage *1	V_{IL}	–	–0.3	–	0.8	
L Level Input Voltage *2, 5, 6			–0.3	–	0.2V_{DD}	
L Level Input Voltage *7			–0.3	–	0.15V_{DD}	
H Level Output Voltage *1, 4	V_{OH}	I_O=–400uA	V_{DD}–0.4	–	–	
H Level Output Voltage *2		I_O=–200uA	V_{DD}–0.4	–	–	
L Level Output Voltage *1, 4	V_{OL}	I_O=3.2mA	–	–	0.4	
L Level Output Voltage *2		I_O=1.6mA	–	–	0.4	
Input Leakage Current *3, 6	I_{IH}/I_{IL}	V_I=V_{DD}/0V	–	–	1/–1	µA
Input Current *5			–	–	1/–250	
Input Current *7			–	–	15/–15	
H Level Output Current *1, 4	I_{OH}	V_O=2.4V	–2	–	–	mA
H Level Output Current *2			–1	–	–	
L Level Output Current *1, 4	I_{OL}		10	–	–	
L Level Output Current *2			5	–	–	
Output Leakage Current *1, 2, 4	I_{LO}	V_O=V_{DD}/0V	–	–	±2	µA
Input Capacitance	C_I	f=1MHz, Ta=25°C	–	5	–	pF
Output Capacitance	C_O		–	7	–	
Analog Reference Power Supply Voltage	I_{REF}	A/D in operation	–	–	4	mA
		A/D stopped	–	–	10	µA
Power Consumption (in STOP mode)	I_{DDS}	V_{DD}=2V, Ta=25°C *8	–	0.2	10	µA
		*8	–	1	100	
Power Consumption (in HALT mode)	I_{DDH}	f_{OSC}=24MHz No load	–	25	60	mA
Power Consumption	I_{DD}		–	55	130	

*1. Applied to P0
*2. Applied to P1-P7
*3. Applied to A_{in}
*4. Applied to ALE, $\overline{PSEN}$
*5. Applied to $\overline{RES}$
*6. Applied to $\overline{EA}$, $\overline{OE}$, NMI
*7. Applied to OSC0
*8. Ports for input pins are V_{DD} or GND, otherwise no load.

AC Characteristics

• External program memory control

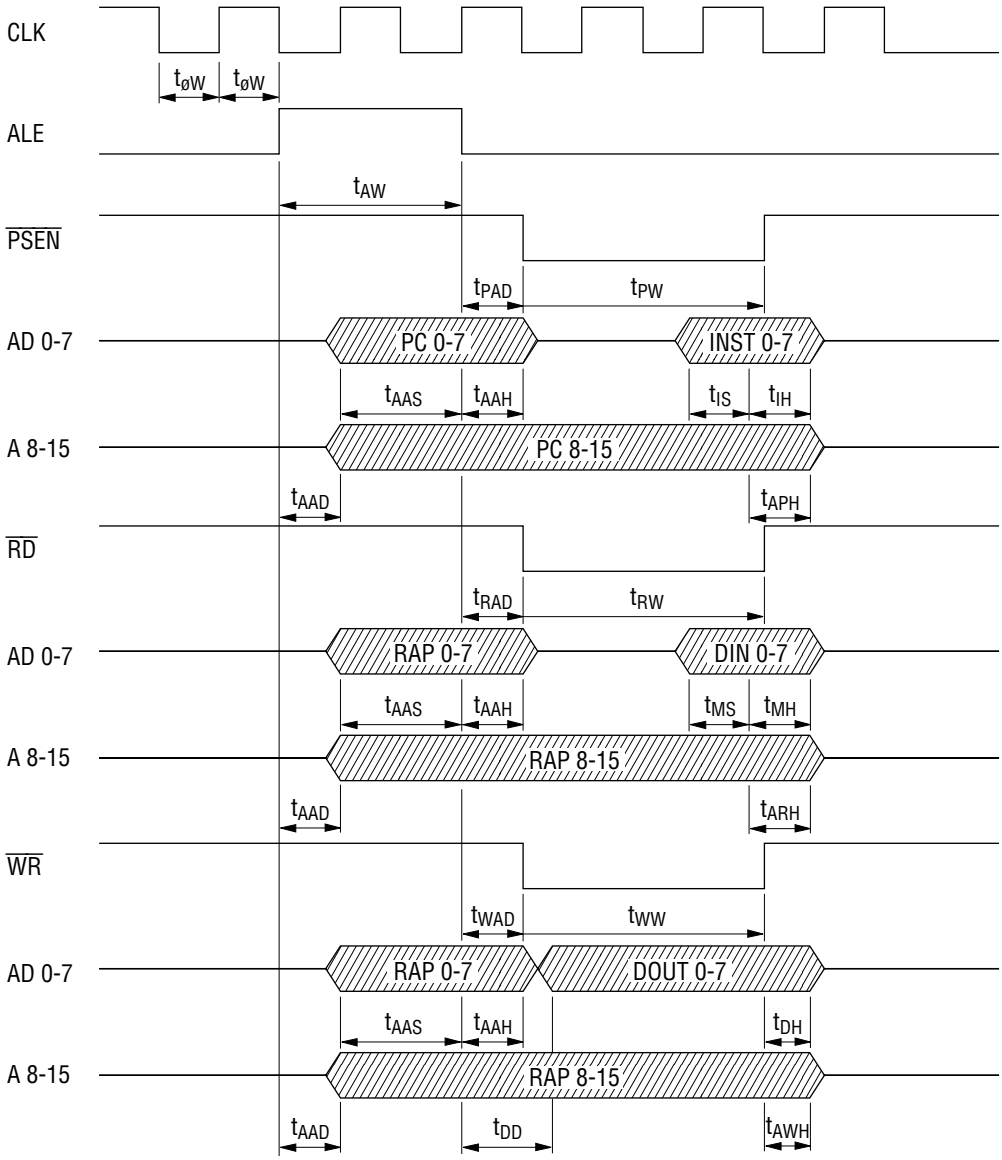
(V_{DD}=5V±10%, Ta=–40 to +85˚C)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Max.	Unit
Clock Pulse Width (OSC)	$t_{øW}$	–	20.833	–	ns
ALE Pulse Width	t_{AW}	C_L=50PF	$3t_{øW}$–10	–	
$\overline{PSEN}$ Pusle Width	t_{PW}		$4t_{øW}$–10	–	
$\overline{PSEN}$ Pulse Delay Time	t_{PAD}		$t_{øW}$–5	$t_{øW}$+5	
Low Address Setup Time	t_{AAS}		$2t_{øW}$–10	$2t_{øW}$+10	
Low Address Hold Time	t_{AAH}		$t_{øW}$–5	$t_{øW}$+5	
High Address Delay Time	t_{AAD}		$t_{øW}$–0	$t_{øW}$+10	
High Address Hold Time	t_{APH}		$t_{øW}$–0	$t_{øW}$+10	
Instruction Setup Time	t_{IS}		35	–	
Instruction Hold Time	t_{IH}		0	$t_{øW}$–10	

• External data memory control

(V_{DD}=5V±10%, Ta=–40 to +85˚C)

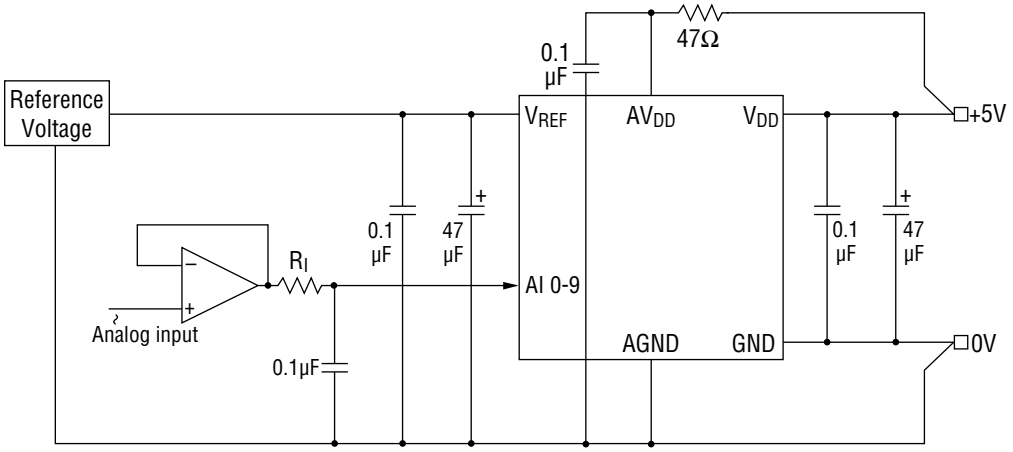
Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Max.	Unit
Clock Pulse Width (OSC)	$t_{øW}$	–	20.833	–	ns
ALE Pulse Width	t_{AW}	C_L=50PF	$3t_{øW}$–10	–	
$\overline{RD}$ Pusle Width	t_{RW}		$4t_{øW}$–10	–	
$\overline{WR}$ Pulse Width	t_{WW}		$4t_{øW}$–10	–	
$\overline{RD}$ Pulse Delay Time	t_{RAD}		$t_{øW}$–5	$t_{øW}$+5	
$\overline{WR}$ Pulse Delay Time	t_{WAD}		$t_{øW}$–5	$t_{øW}$+5	
Low Address Setup Time	t_{AAS}		$2t_{øW}$–10	$2t_{øW}$+10	
Low Address Hold Time	t_{AAH}		$t_{øW}$–5	$t_{øW}$+5	
High Address Setup Time	t_{AAD}		$t_{øW}$–0	$t_{øW}$+10	
High Address Hold Time	t_{ARH}		$t_{øW}$–0	$t_{øW}$+10	
High Address Hold Time	t_{AWH}		$t_{øW}$–0	$t_{øW}$+10	
Memory Data Setup Time	t_{MS}		35	-	
Memory Data Hold Time	t_{MH}		0	$t_{øW}$–10	
Data Setup Time	t_{DD}		$t_{øW}$–0	$t_{øW}$+10	
Data Hold Time	t_{DH}		$t_{øW}$–0	$t_{øW}$+10	


CLK
tøW
tøW
ALE
tAW
PSEN
tPAD
tPW
AD 0-7
PC 0-7
INST 0-7
tAAS
tAAH
tIS
tIH
A 8-15
PC 8-15
tAAD
tAPH
RD
tRAD
tRW
AD 0-7
RAP 0-7
DIN 0-7
tAAS
tAAH
tMS
tMH
A 8-15
RAP 8-15
tAAD
tARH
WR
tWAD
tWW
AD 0-7
RAP 0-7
DOUT 0-7
tAAS
tAAH
tDH
A 8-15
RAP 8-15
tAAD
tDD
tAWH

A/D Converter Characteristics

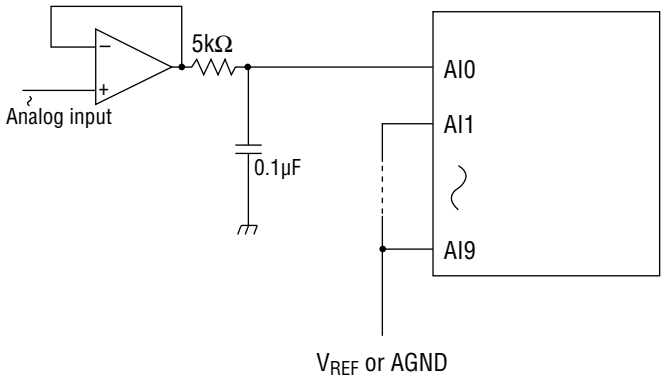
(AV_{DD}=V_{DD}=V_{REF}=5V±10%, AGND=GND=0V, Ta=–40 to +85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Resolution	n	Refer to the recommended circuit (Figure1). Analog input source impedance $R_I \leqq 5k\Omega$ t_{CONV}=512ϕ/CH	–	–	10	Bit
Linearity Error	E_L		–	–	±3	LSB
Differential Linearity Error	E_D		–	–	±1	
Zero Scale Error	E_{ZS}		0	–	+3	
Full Scale Error	E_{FS}		–	–	–3	
Crosstalk	E_{CT}	Refer to the measuring circuit (Figure 2).	–	–	±1	
Conversion Time	t_{CONV}	by ADTM set data ϕ=1/f_{OSC}	256ϕ	–	768ϕ	μs/CH



R_I (Analog input source impedance) ≦ 5kΩ

Figure 1 Recommended Circuit



Crosstalk is defined as the difference between the A/D conversion result when impressing the identical analog input to AI0-AI9 and the A/D conversion result in the circuit in the left figure.

Figure 2 Crosstalk Measuring Circuit

Definitions of Terms

1. Resolution

The minimum distinguishable analog input value. For 10 bits, 2^{10}=1024, i.e. (V_{REF}–AGND) ÷ 1024

2. Linearity Error

The variance between the ideal conversion characteristics as a 10-bit A/D converter and the actual conversion characteristics. (Quantized error is therefore not included.)

3. Differential Linearity Error

The smoothness of the conversion. The width of analog input voltage corresponding to the change by one bit of digital output is 1 LSB=(V_{REF}–AGND) ÷ 1024 ideally. The variance between this ideal bit size and bit size at arbitrary point in the conversion range.

4. Zero Scale Error

The variance between the ideal conversion characteristics at the switching point of digital output "000H to 001H" and actual conversion characteristics.

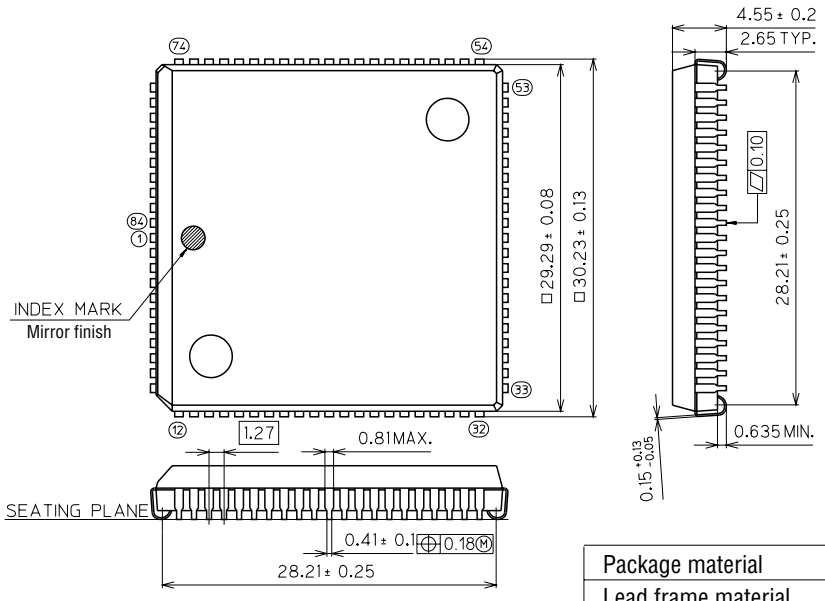
5. Full Scale Error

The variance between the ideal conversion characteristics at the switching point of digital output "3FEH to 3FFH" and actual conversion characteristics.

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

(Unit : mm)

QFJ84-P-S115-1.27-B



Package material	Epoxy resin
Lead frame material	Cu alloy
Pin treatment	Solder plating
Solder plate thickness	5 μm or more
Package weight (g)	6.30 TYP.

Notes for Mounting the Surface Mount Type Package

The SOP, QFP, TSOP, SOJ, QFJ (PLCC), SHP and BGA are surface mount type packages, which are very susceptible to heat in reflow mounting and humidity absorbed in storage.
Therefore, before you perform reflow mounting, contact Oki's responsible sales person for the product name, package name, pin number, package code and desired mounting conditions (reflow method, temperature and times).

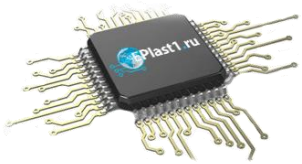
Компания «ЭлектроПласт» предлагает заключение долгосрочных отношений при поставках импортных электронных компонентов на взаимовыгодных условиях!

Наши преимущества:

- Оперативные поставки широкого спектра электронных компонентов отечественного и импортного производства напрямую от производителей и с крупнейших мировых складов;
- Поставка более 17-ти миллионов наименований электронных компонентов;
- Поставка сложных, дефицитных, либо снятых с производства позиций;
- Оперативные сроки поставки под заказ (от 5 рабочих дней);
- Экспресс доставка в любую точку России;
- Техническая поддержка проекта, помощь в подборе аналогов, поставка прототипов;
- Система менеджмента качества сертифицирована по Международному стандарту ISO 9001;
- Лицензия ФСБ на осуществление работ с использованием сведений, составляющих государственную тайну;
- Поставка специализированных компонентов (Xilinx, Altera, Analog Devices, Intersil, Interpoint, Microsemi, Aeroflex, Peregrine, Syfer, Eurofarad, Texas Instrument, Miteq, Cobham, E2V, MA-COM, Hittite, Mini-Circuits,General Dynamics и др.);

Помимо этого, одним из направлений компании «ЭлектроПласт» является направление «Источники питания». Мы предлагаем Вам помощь Конструкторского отдела:

- Подбор оптимального решения, техническое обоснование при выборе компонента;
- Подбор аналогов;
- Консультации по применению компонента;
- Поставка образцов и прототипов;
- Техническая поддержка проекта;
- Защита от снятия компонента с производства.



Как с нами связаться

Телефон: 8 (812) 309 58 32 (многоканальный)
Факс: 8 (812) 320-02-42
Электронная почта: org@eplast1.ru
Адрес: 198099, г. Санкт-Петербург, ул. Калинина, дом 2, корпус 4, литера А.