19-2484; Rev 0; 7/02

MAXIM

ECL/PECL Dual Differential 2:1 Multiplexer

General Description

The MAX9384 fully differential dual 2:1 multiplexer (mux) features extremely low propagation delay (560ps max) and output-to-output skew (40ps max). The device is ideal for clock and data multiplexing applications. The two 2:1 muxes are controlled individually or simultaneously through mux select inputs COM_SEL, SEL0, and SEL1. The mux select inputs are compatible with ECL/PECL logic, and are referenced to on-chip outputs V_{BB0} and V_{BB1}, nominally V_{CC} - 1.33V.

The differential inputs D, $\overline{D}$ can be configured to accept a single-ended signal when the unused complementary input is connected to the on-chip supply output V_{BB} as a reference voltage. All the differential inputs have bias and clamp circuits that force the outputs to a low default when the inputs are left open or at V_{EE}. The single-ended mux select inputs have pulldowns to V_{EE}, providing low default inputs when the select inputs are left open.

The device operates with a wide supply range (V_{CC} - V_{EE}) of +3.0V to +5.5V for PECL or -3.0V to -5.5V for ECL, and is pin compatible with the MC100LVEL56 and MC100EL56. The MAX9384 is offered in a 20-pin wide SO package, and is specified for operation from -40°C to +85°C.

Applications

High-Speed Telecom, Datacom Applications

Central-Office Backplane Clock Distribution

Access Multiplexers (DSLAM/DLC)

Functional Diagram appears at end of data sheet.

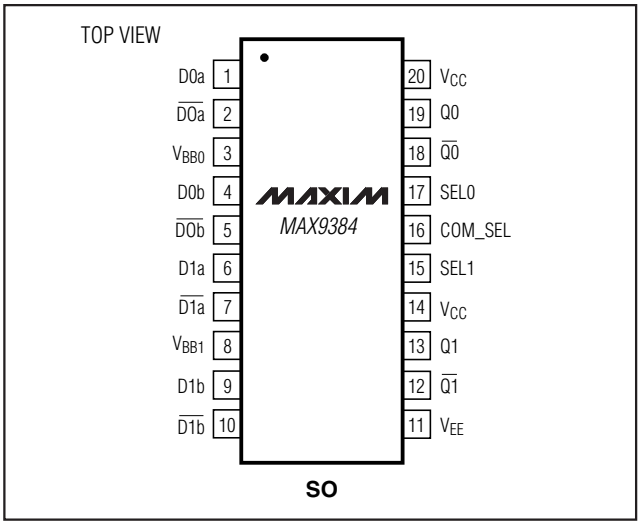
Features

- **40psP-P Deterministic Jitter**
- **440ps Differential Propagation Delay**
- **12ps Output-to-Output Skew**
- **Individual and Common Select**
- **+3.0V to +5.5V Supplies for Differential LVPECL/PECL**
- **-3.0V to -5.5V Supplies for Differential LVECL/ECL**
- **Outputs Low for Inputs Open or at V_{EE}**
- **>2kV ESD Protection (Human Body Model)**
- **Pin Compatible with MC100LVEL56 and MC100EL56**

Ordering Information

PART	TEMP RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX9384EWP	-40°C to +85°C	20 Wide SO

Pin Configuration



For pricing, delivery, and ordering information, please contact Maxim/Dallas Direct! at 1-888-629-4642, or visit Maxim's website at www.maxim-ic.com.

ECL/PECL Dual Differential 2:1 Multiplexer

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

V_{CC} - V_{EE} .....-0.3V to 6.0V
Inputs (D_, $\overline{D}$_, SEL_, COM_SEL) to V_{EE}....-0.3V to (V_{CC} + 0.3V)
D_ to $\overline{D}$_ .....±3.0V
Continuous Output Current 50mA
Surge Output Current.....100mA
V_{BB} Sink/Source Current .....±0.65mA
Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance in Still Air
20-Lead Wide SO .....+100°C/W
Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance with 500LFPM Airflow
20-Lead Wide SO .....+58°C/W
Junction-to-Case Thermal Resistance
20-Lead Wide SO .....+20°C/W
Continuous Power Dissipation (T_A = +70°C)
20-Lead Wide SO
(derate 10mW/°C above +70°C).....800mW
Operating Temperature Range .....-40°C to +85°C
Junction Temperature.....+150°C
Storage Temperature Range .....-65°C to +150°C
ESD Protection
Human Body Model
(D_, $\overline{D}$_, Q_, $\overline{Q}$_, SEL_, COM_SEL) .....≥ 2kV
Soldering Temperature (10s).....+300°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(V_{CC} - V_{EE} = 3.0V to 5.5V, outputs loaded with 50Ω ±1% to V_{CC} - 2V. Typical values are at V_{CC} - V_{EE} = 3.3V, V_{IHD} = V_{CC} - 1V, V_{ILD} = V_{CC} - 1.5V, unless otherwise noted.) (Notes 1, 2, 3)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	-40°C			+25°C			+85°C			UNITS
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
SINGLE-ENDED INPUT SEL_, COM_SEL												
Input High Voltage	V_{IH}	Internally referenced to V_{BB}, Figure 1	V_{CC} - 1.165		V_{CC}	V_{CC} - 1.165		V_{CC}	V_{CC} - 1.165		V_{CC}	V
Input Low Voltage	V_{IL}	Internally referenced to V_{BB}, Figure 1	V_{CC} - 1.810		V_{CC} - 1.475	V_{CC} - 1.810		V_{CC} - 1.475	V_{CC} - 1.810		V_{CC} - 1.475	V
Input Current	I_{IN}	V_{IH}, V_{IL}	-10		+50	-10		+50	-10		+50	µA
DIFFERENTIAL INPUT (D_, $\overline{D}$_)												
Single-Ended Input High Voltage	V_{IH}	V_{BB} connected to the unused input, Figure 1	V_{CC} - 1.165		V_{CC}	V_{CC} - 1.165		V_{CC}	V_{CC} - 1.165		V_{CC}	V
Single-Ended Input Low Voltage	V_{IL}	V_{BB} connected to the unused input, Figure 1	V_{CC} - 1.810		V_{CC} - 1.475	V_{CC} - 1.810		V_{CC} - 1.475	V_{CC} - 1.810		V_{CC} - 1.475	V
High Voltage of Differential Input	V_{IHD}	Figure 1	V_{EE} + 1.3		V_{CC}	V_{EE} + 1.2		V_{CC}	V_{EE} + 1.2		V_{CC}	V
Low Voltage of Differential Input	V_{ILD}	Figure 1	V_{EE}		V_{CC} - 0.095	V_{EE}		V_{CC} - 0.095	V_{EE}		V_{CC} - 0.095	V
Differential Input Voltage	V_{IHD} - V_{ILD}	Figure 1	0.095		3.0	0.095		3.0	0.095		3.0	V
Input Current	I_{IN}	V_{IH}, V_{IL}, V_{IHD}, V_{ILD}	-100		+100	-100		+100	-100		+100	µA

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

(V_{CC} - V_{EE} = 3.0V to 5.5V, outputs loaded with 50Ω ±1% to V_{CC} - 2V. Typical values are at V_{CC} - V_{EE} = 3.3V, V_{IHD} = V_{CC} - 1V, V_{ILD} = V_{CC} - 1.5V, unless otherwise noted.) (Notes 1, 2, 3)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	-40°C			+25°C			+85°C			UNITS
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
OUTPUT (Q_, $\overline{Q_}$)												
Single-Ended Output High Voltage	V_{OH}	Figure 2	V_{CC} - 1.085	V_{CC} - 0.998	V_{CC} - 0.880	V_{CC} - 1.025	V_{CC} - 0.947	V_{CC} - 0.880	V_{CC} - 1.025	V_{CC} - 0.929	V_{CC} - 0.880	V
Single-Ended Output Low Voltage	V_{OL}	Figure 2	V_{CC} - 1.830	V_{CC} - 1.707	V_{CC} - 1.555	V_{CC} - 1.810	V_{CC} - 1.685	V_{CC} - 1.620	V_{CC} - 1.810	V_{CC} - 1.690	V_{CC} - 1.620	V
Differential Output Voltage	V_{OH} - V_{OL}	Figure 2	600			640			660			mV
REFERENCE OUTPUT (V_{BB})												
Reference Voltage Output	V_{BB}	I_{BB} = ±0.5mA (Note 4)	V_{CC} - 1.38	V_{CC} - 1.322	V_{CC} - 1.26	V_{CC} - 1.38	V_{CC} - 1.330	V_{CC} - 1.26	V_{CC} - 1.38	V_{CC} - 1.335	V_{CC} - 1.26	V
SUPPLY												
Supply Current	I_{EE}	(Note 5)		15	24		17	24		19	24	mA

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AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(V_{CC} - V_{EE} = 3.0V to 5.5V, outputs loaded with 50Ω ±1% to V_{CC} - 2V, V_{IHD} - V_{ILD} = 0.15V to 1V, $f_{IN} \le$ 500MHz, input duty cycle = 50%, input transition time = 125ps (20% to 80%). Typical values are at V_{CC} - V_{EE} = 3.3V, V_{IHD} = V_{CC} - 1V, V_{ILD} = V_{CC} - 1.5V, unless otherwise noted.) (Note 6)

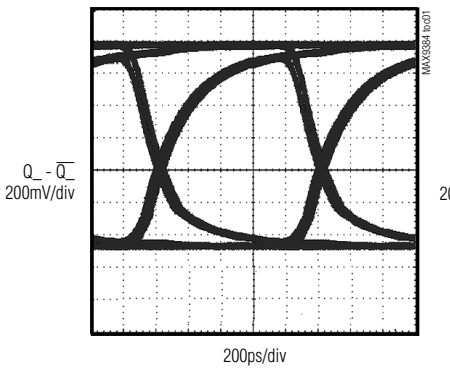
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	-40°C			+25°C			+85°C			UNITS
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
Differential Input-to-Output Delay	t_{PLHD}, t_{PHLD}	Figure 2	340		540	350		550	360		560	ps
Single-Ended Input-to-Output Delay	t_{PLH1}, t_{PHL1}	Figure 3 (Note 7)	290		540	310		560	330		580	ps
SEL_ and COM_SEL to Output Delay	t_{PLH2}, t_{PHL2}	Figure 4 (Note 7)	310		730	320		740	330		750	ps
Output-to-Output Skew	t_{SKOO}	(Note 8)		12	40		12	40		12	40	ps
Added Random Jitter	t_{RJ}	f_{IN} = 500MHz (Note 9)		0.3	0.8		0.4	0.8		0.5	0.8	$ps_{(RMS)}$
Added Deterministic Jitter	t_{DJ}	1.0Gbps 2^{23} - 1 PRBS pattern (Note 9)		40	70		40	70		40	70	$ps_{(P-P)}$
Switching Frequency	f_{MAX}	V_{OH} - V_{OL} ≥ 300mV, Figure 2	1.5			1.5			1.5			GHz
Output Rise and Fall Time (20% to 80%)	t_R, t_F	Figure 2	200	310	440	200	310	440	200	310	440	ps

Note 1: Measurements are made with the device in thermal equilibrium.
Note 2: Current into a pin is defined as positive. Current out of a pin is defined as negative.
Note 3: DC parameters production tested at T_A = +25°C and guaranteed by design over the full operating temperature range.
Note 4: Use V_{BB} only for inputs that are on the same device as the V_{BB} reference.
Note 5: All pins open except V_{CC} and V_{EE}.
Note 6: Guaranteed by design and characterization. Limits are set at ±6 sigma.
Note 7: Test conditions are V_{IH} = V_{CC} - 1.11V and V_{IL} = V_{CC} - 1.53V.
Note 8: Measured between outputs of the same part at the signal crossing points for a same-edge transition. Differential input signal.
Note 9: Device jitter added to the input signal. Differential input signal.

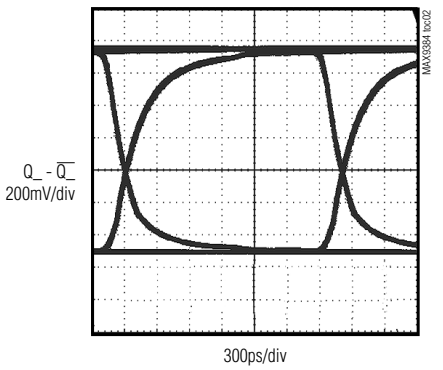
Typical Operating Characteristics

(V_{CC} - V_{EE} = 3.3V, V_{IHD} = V_{CC} - 1V, V_{ILD} = V_{CC} - 1.5V, COM_SEL = low, SEL_ = low, outputs loaded with 50Ω ±1% to V_{CC} - 2V, f_{IN} = 500MHz, input duty cycle = 50%, input transition time = 125ps (20% to 80%), unless otherwise noted.)

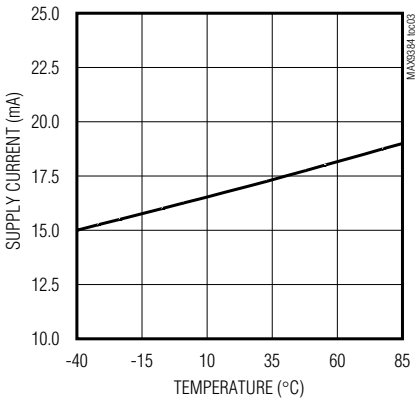
DIFFERENTIAL OUTPUT EYE PATTERN AT 1Gbps, PRBS 2^{23} - 1, NRZ DATA PATTERN



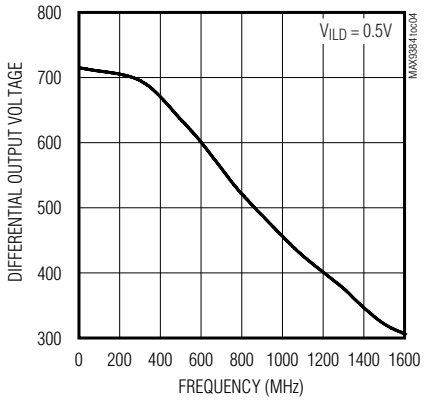
DIFFERENTIAL OUTPUT EYE PATTERN AT 500Mbps, PRBS 2^{23} - 1, NRZ DATA PATTERN



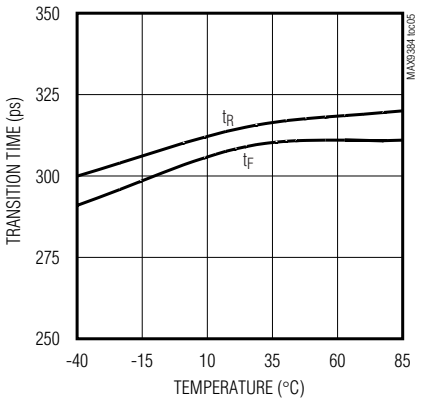
SUPPLY CURRENT (I_{EE}) vs. TEMPERATURE



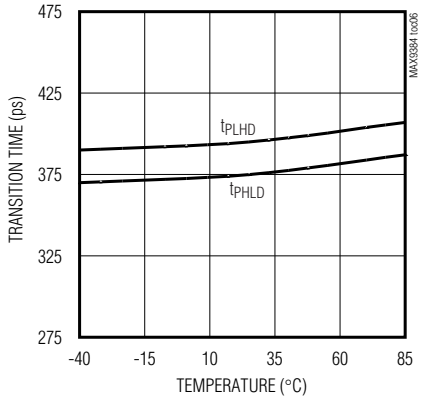
OUTPUT AMPLITUDE (V_{OH} - V_{OL}) vs. FREQUENCY



TRANSITION TIME vs. TEMPERATURE



DIFFERENTIAL PROPAGATION DELAY vs. TEMPERATURE



ECL/PECL Dual Differential 2:1 Multiplexer

Pin Description

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION
1	D0a	Noninverting Differential Input **a** for MUX 0. Internal 120kΩ pulldown to V_{EE}.
2	$\overline{D0a}$	Inverting Differential Input **a** for MUX 0. Internal 120kΩ pulldown to V_{EE} and 120kΩ pullup to V_{CC}.
3	V_{BB0}	Reference Output Voltage. Connect to the inverting or noninverting clock input to provide a reference for single-ended operation. When used, bypass V_{BB0} to V_{CC} with a 0.01µF ceramic capacitor. Otherwise leave open. V_{BB0} is internally connected to V_{BB1}.
4	D0b	Noninverting Differential Input **b** for MUX 0. Internal 120kΩ pulldown to V_{EE}.
5	$\overline{D0b}$	Inverting Differential Input **b** for MUX 0. Internal 120kΩ pulldown to V_{EE} and 120kΩ pullup to V_{CC}.
6	D1a	Noninverting Differential Input **a** for MUX 1. Internal 120kΩ pulldown to V_{EE}.
7	$\overline{D1a}$	Inverting Differential Input **a** for MUX 1. Internal 120kΩ pulldown to V_{EE} and 120kΩ pullup to V_{CC}.
8	V_{BB1}	Reference Output Voltage. Connect to the inverting or noninverting clock input to provide a reference for single-ended operation. When used, bypass V_{BB1} to V_{CC} with a 0.01µF ceramic capacitor. Otherwise leave open. V_{BB1} is internally connected to V_{BB0}.
9	D1b	Noninverting Differential Input **b** for MUX 1. Internal 120kΩ pulldown to V_{EE}.
10	$\overline{D1b}$	Inverting Differential Input **b** for MUX 1. Internal 120kΩ pulldown to V_{EE} and 120kΩ pullup to V_{CC}.
11	V_{EE}	Negative Supply Voltage
12	$\overline{Q1}$	Inverting Output for MUX 1. Typically terminate with 50Ω resistor to V_{CC} - 2V.
13	Q1	Noninverting Output for MUX 1. Typically terminate with 50Ω resistor to V_{CC} - 2V.
14, 20	V_{CC}	Positive Supply Voltage. Bypass each V_{CC} to V_{EE} with 0.1µF and 0.01µF ceramic capacitors. Place the capacitors as close to the device as possible with the smaller value capacitor closest to the device.
15	SEL1	Select Logic Input for MUX 1. Internal 210kΩ pulldown to V_{EE}.
16	COM_SEL	Common Select Logic Input. Internal 210kΩ pulldown to V_{EE}.
17	SEL0	Select Logic Input for MUX 0. Internal 210kΩ pulldown to V_{EE}.
18	$\overline{Q0}$	Inverting Output for MUX 0. Typically terminate with 50Ω resistor to V_{CC} - 2V.
19	Q0	Noninverting Output for MUX 0. Typically terminate with 50Ω resistor to V_{CC} - 2V.

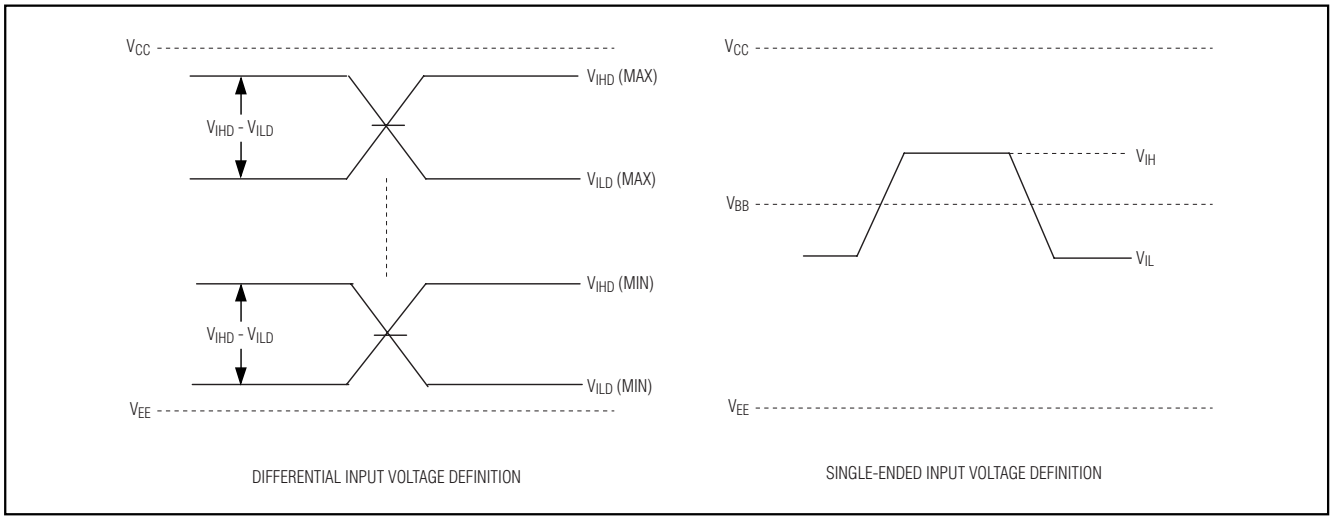


Figure 1. Input Definitions

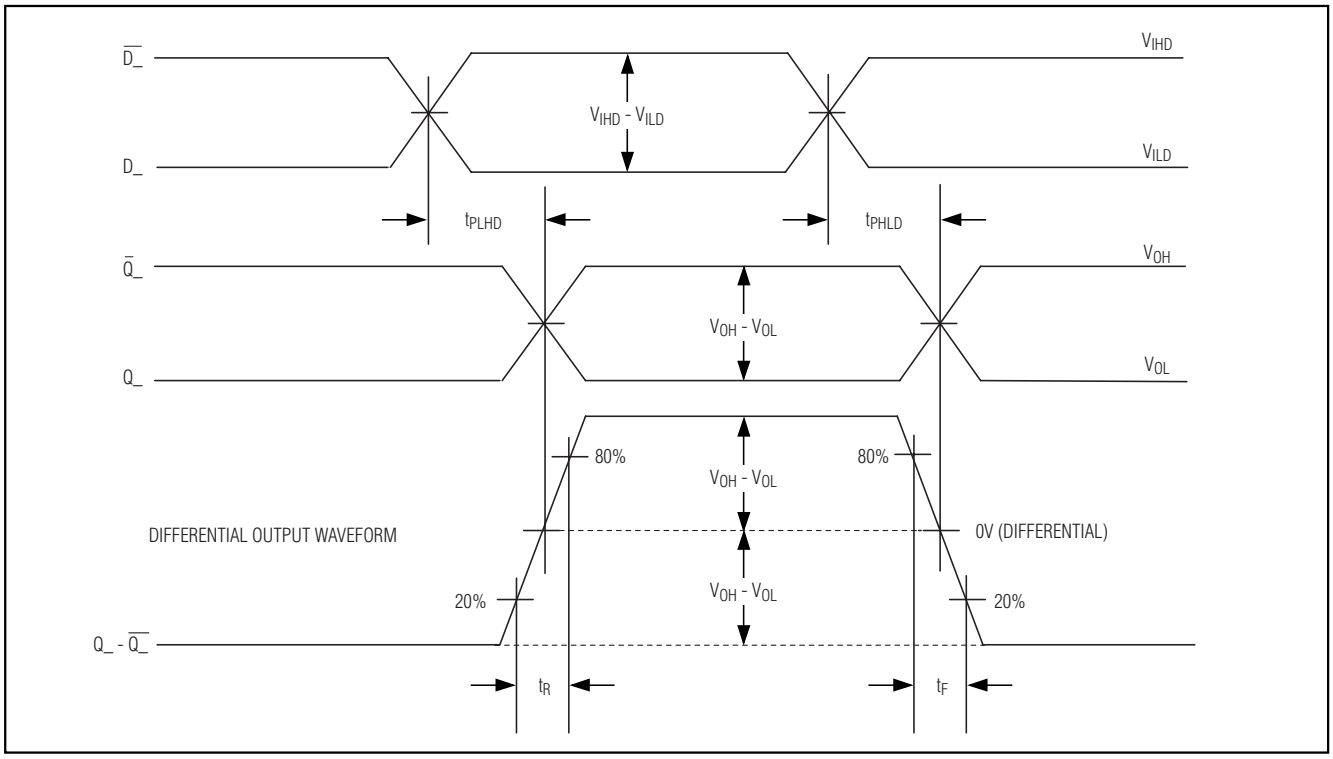


Figure 2. Differential Input-to-Output Propagation Delay Timing Diagram

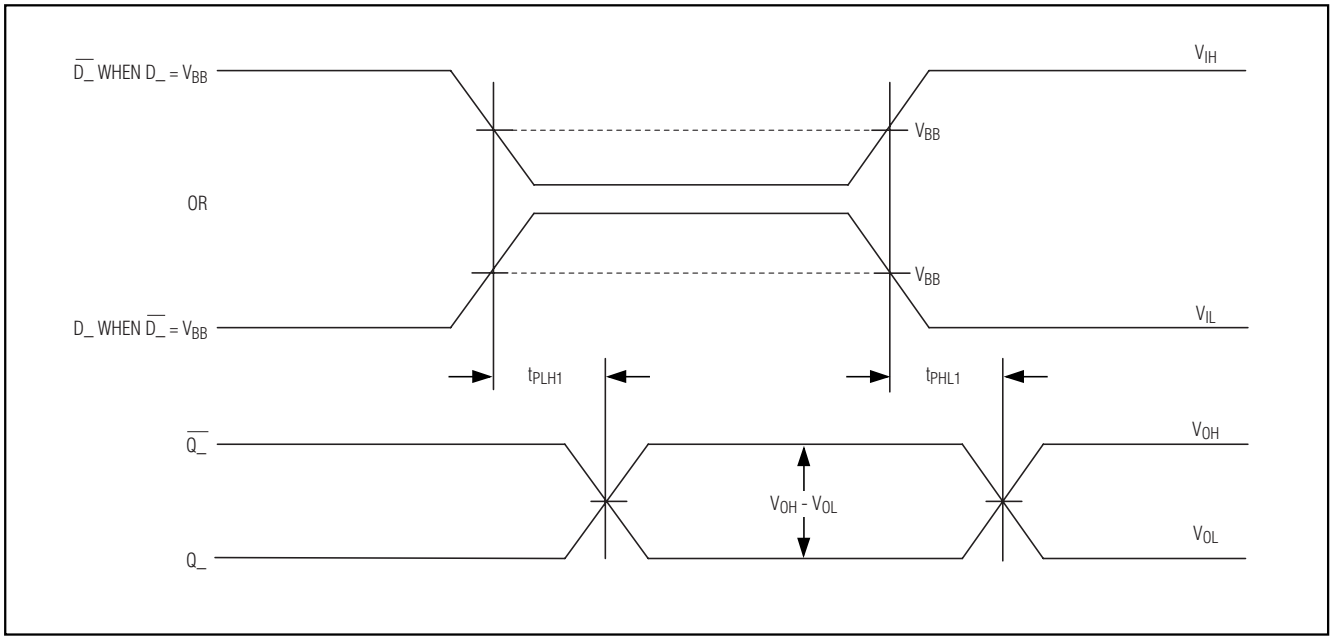


Figure 3. Single-Ended Input-to-Output Propagation Delay Timing Delay

ECL/PECL Dual Differential 2:1 Multiplexer

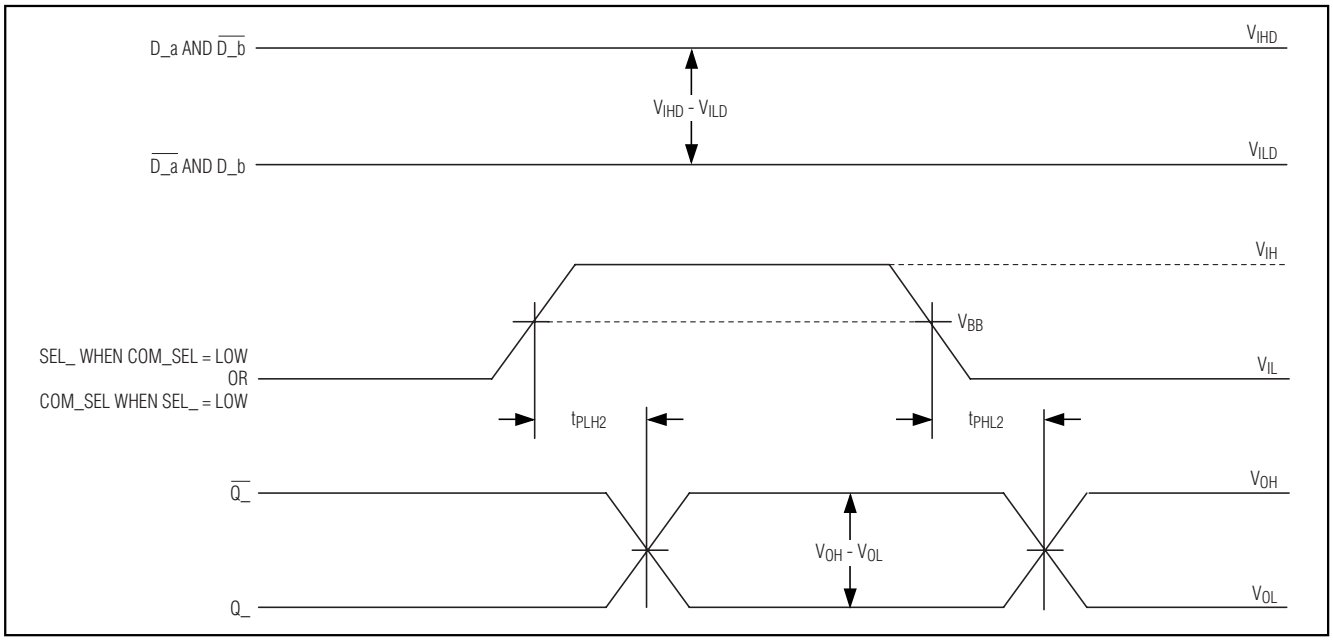


Figure 4. Select Inputs (COM_SEL, SEL_) to Output (Q_, $\overline{Q_}$) Delay Timing Diagram

Detailed Description

The MAX9384 dual differential 2:1 multiplexer features extremely low propagation delay (560ps max) and output-to-output skew (40ps max). These features make the device ideal for clock and data multiplexing applications.

The two differential muxes are controlled individually or simultaneously through select control inputs, SEL0, SEL1, and COM_SEL (see Table 1). The select control inputs are referenced to V_{BB} (nominally V_{CC} - 1.33V) and are internally pulled down to V_{EE} through 210kΩ resistors. By default, the select inputs are low when left open.

The differential inputs D_, $\overline{D_}$ can be configured to accept a single-ended signal when the unused complementary input is connected to the on-chip reference voltage V_{BB}. The reference output voltage, pins V_{BB0} and V_{BB1}, provides the input reference voltage for single-ended operation for each mux. A single-ended input of at least $V_{BB_}$ ±95mV or a differential input of at least 95mV switches the outputs to the V_{OH} and V_{OL} levels specified in the *DC Electrical Characteristics*. The maximum magnitude of the differential input from D_ to $\overline{D_}$ is ±3.0V. Specifications for the high and low voltages of a differential input (V_{IHD} and V_{ILD}) and the differential input voltage (V_{IHD} - V_{ILD}) apply simultaneously.

The device operates over a wide supply range (V_{CC} - V_{EE}) of +3.0V to +5.5V for PECL or -3.0V to -5.5V for ECL, and is pin compatible with the MC100LVEL56 and MC100EL56.

Table 1. Input Select Truth Table

CONTROL INPUT		DATA INPUT
COM_SEL	SEL_	D_ , $\overline{D_}$
L or open	L or open	b*
	H	a
H	X	a

**Default input when COM_SEL and SEL_ are left open.*

Single-Ended Operation

A single-ended input can be driven to V_{CC} and V_{EE} or by a single-ended LVPECL/LVECL signal. D_, $\overline{D_}$ are differential inputs but can be configured to accept single-ended inputs. This is accomplished by connecting the on-chip reference voltage, $V_{BB_}$, to an unused complementary input as a reference. For example, the differential D0a, $\overline{D0a}$ input is converted to a noninverting, single-ended input by connecting V_{BB0} to $\overline{D0a}$ and connecting the single-ended input to D0a. Similarly, an inverting input is obtained by connecting V_{BB0} to D0a and connecting the single-ended input to $\overline{D0a}$.

When using the $V_{BB_}$ reference output, bypass it with a 0.01µF ceramic capacitor to V_{CC}. If not used, leave it open. The $V_{BB_}$ reference can source or sink 0.5mA, which is sufficient to drive two inputs.

Applications Information

Output Termination

Terminate the outputs through 50Ω to V_{CC} - 2V or use equivalent Thevenin terminations. Terminate each Q_ and $\overline{Q}$_ output with identical termination on each for minimal distortion. When a single-ended signal is taken from the differential output, terminate both Q_ and $\overline{Q}$_. Ensure that output currents do not exceed the current limits as specified in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings* table. Under all operating conditions, the device's total thermal limits should be observed.

Supply Bypassing

Bypass each V_{CC} to V_{EE} with high-frequency surface-mount ceramic 0.1µF and 0.01µF capacitors. Place the capacitors as close to the device as possible, with the 0.01µF capacitor closest to the device pins.

Use multiple vias when connecting the bypass capacitors to ground. When using the V_{BB0} or V_{BB1} reference outputs, bypass each one with a 0.01µF ceramic capacitor to V_{CC}. If the V_{BB0} or V_{BB1} reference outputs are not used, they can be left open.

Traces

Circuit board trace layout is very important to maintain the signal integrity of high-speed differential signals. Maintaining integrity is accomplished in part by reducing signal reflections and skew, and increasing common-mode noise immunity.

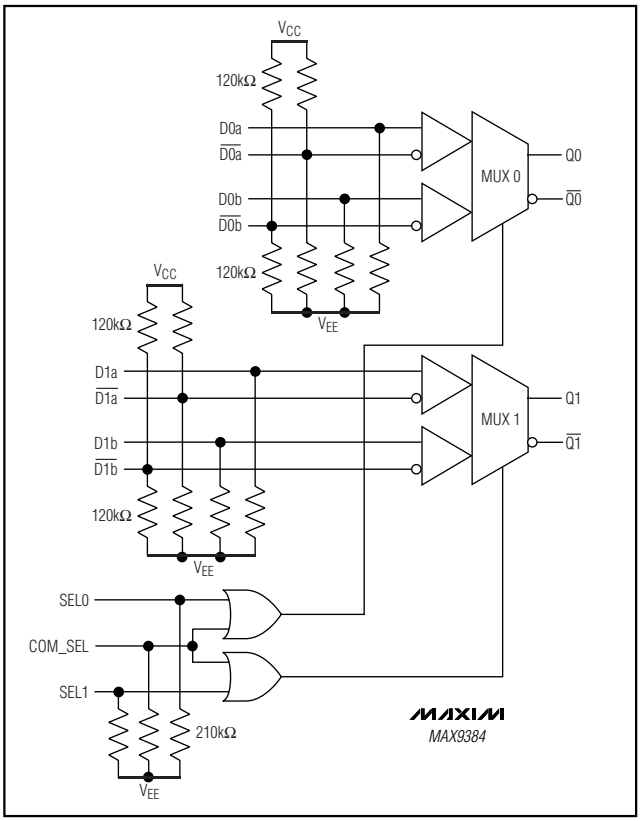
Signal reflections are caused by discontinuities in the 50Ω characteristic impedance of the traces. Avoid discontinuities by maintaining the distance between differential traces, not using sharp corners or using vias. Maintaining distance between the traces also increases common-mode noise immunity. Reducing signal skew is accomplished by matching the electrical length of the differential traces.

Chip Information

TRANSISTOR COUNT: 485

PROCESS: Bipolar

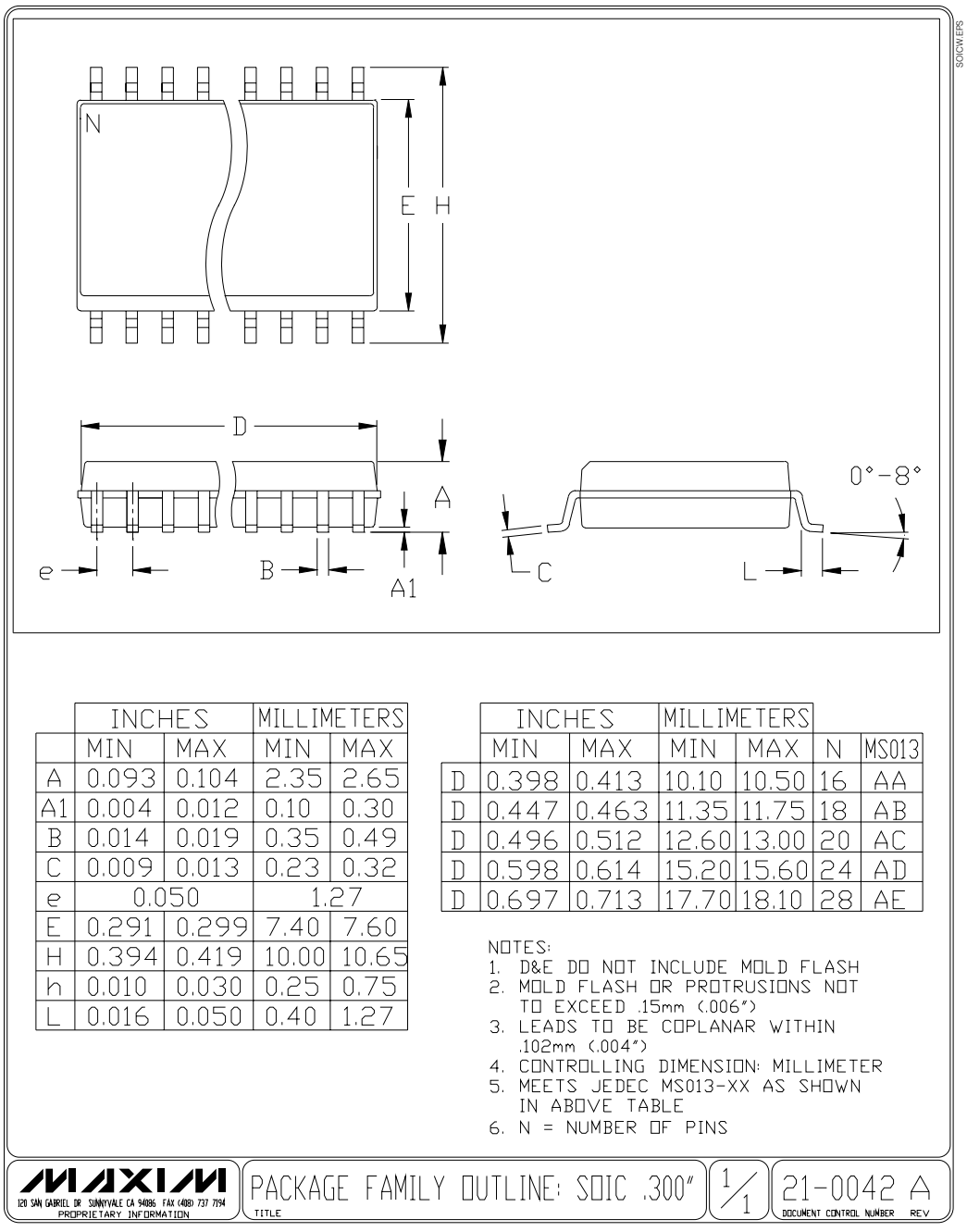
Functional Diagram



ECL/PECL Dual Differential 2:1 Multiplexer

Package Information

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information, go to **www.maxim-ic.com/packages**.)



	INCHES		MILLIMETERS	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	0.093	0.104	2.35	2.65
A1	0.004	0.012	0.10	0.30
B	0.014	0.019	0.35	0.49
C	0.009	0.013	0.23	0.32
e	0.050		1.27	
E	0.291	0.299	7.40	7.60
H	0.394	0.419	10.00	10.65
h	0.010	0.030	0.25	0.75
L	0.016	0.050	0.40	1.27

	INCHES		MILLIMETERS			
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	N	MS013
D	0.398	0.413	10.10	10.50	16	AA
D	0.447	0.463	11.35	11.75	18	AB
D	0.496	0.512	12.60	13.00	20	AC
D	0.598	0.614	15.20	15.60	24	AD
D	0.697	0.713	17.70	18.10	28	AE

NOTES:
1. D&E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH
2. MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS NOT TO EXCEED .15mm (.006")
3. LEADS TO BE COPLANAR WITHIN .102mm (.004")
4. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER
5. MEETS JEDEC MS013-XX AS SHOWN IN ABOVE TABLE
6. N = NUMBER OF PINS

MAXIM 120 SAN GABRIEL DR SUNNYVALE CA 94086 FAX (408) 737 7194
PROPRIETARY INFORMATION

PACKAGE FAMILY OUTLINE: SOIC .300" (TITLE) | 1/1 | 21-0042 A (DOCUMENT CONTROL NUMBER REV)

Maxim cannot assume responsibility for use of any circuitry other than circuitry entirely embodied in a Maxim product. No circuit patent licenses are implied. Maxim reserves the right to change the circuitry and specifications without notice at any time.

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ООО «ЛайфЭлектроникс» **“LifeElectronics” LLC**

ИНН 7805602321 КПП 780501001 Р/С 40702810122510004610 ФАКБ "АБСОЛЮТ БАНК" (ЗАО) в г.Санкт-Петербурге К/С 30101810900000000703 БИК 044030703

Компания «Life Electronics» занимается поставками электронных компонентов импортного и отечественного производства от производителей и со складов крупных дистрибьюторов Европы, Америки и Азии.

С конца 2013 года компания активно расширяет линейку поставок компонентов по направлению коаксиальный кабель, кварцевые генераторы и конденсаторы (керамические, пленочные, электролитические), за счёт заключения дистрибьюторских договоров

Мы предлагаем:

- *Конкурентоспособные цены и скидки постоянным клиентам.*
- *Специальные условия для постоянных клиентов.*
- *Подбор аналогов.*
- *Поставку компонентов в любых объемах, удовлетворяющих вашим потребностям.*

- *Приемлемые сроки поставки, возможна ускоренная поставка.*
- *Доставку товара в любую точку России и стран СНГ.*
- *Комплексную поставку.*
- *Работу по проектам и поставку образцов.*
- *Формирование склада под заказчика.*

- *Сертификаты соответствия на поставляемую продукцию (по желанию клиента).*
- *Тестирование поставляемой продукции.*
- *Поставку компонентов, требующих военную и космическую приемку.*
- *Входной контроль качества.*
- *Наличие сертификата ISO.*

В составе нашей компании организован Конструкторский отдел, призванный помогать разработчикам, и инженерам.

Конструкторский отдел помогает осуществить:

- *Регистрацию проекта у производителя компонентов.*
- *Техническую поддержку проекта.*
- *Защиту от снятия компонента с производства.*
- *Оценку стоимости проекта по компонентам.*
- *Изготовление тестовой платы монтаж и пусконаладочные работы.*

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